

# In today's Jordan Times...

- Syllabus for handicapped: Page 2
- Madaba council takes initiatives: Page 3
- Don't take no chances: Page 4
- WA's youth activities centre: Page 5
- Losses some shine: Page 6
- How to consider payments to athletes: Page 7
- Plans claim S. African incursion: Page 8

# Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز: مؤسسة صحفية إخبارية مستقلة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية "الراي"

## Today's Weather

Normal warm weather will continue, with north-westerly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

	Overnight	Daytime
	Low	High
Amman	20	32
Aqaba	26	39
Deserts	18	37
Jordan Valley	23	39

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 32, Aqaba 39. Humidity readings: Amman 22 per cent, Aqaba 27 per cent. Sunset tonight: 6:06 p.m. Sunrise tomorrow: 5:08 a.m.

6, Number 1742

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY AUGUST 26, 1981 — SHAWWAL 26, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

## Qasem talks litterrand

**Aug. 25 (Petra) —** King Hussein will for two days start today. During the Majesty will have French President litterrand. Foreign arwan Al Qasem for Paris today in the talks.

## delegate ins at U.N.

**K. Aug. 25 (Petra) —** permanent de-United Nations Dr. saibah has com-Secretary General aim that the Israeli authorities are pre-aid to the Arab es and charitable the occupied Arab memo he sent to Mr. Dr. Nussaibah said Israeli government ve sufficient aid to simplest essential of the Arab es in the part of occupied in 1948, t the municipality as an example. Dr. explained that Israeli ed and seized most res and productive to allow the West Jaza Strip inhabit-essential services

## expels diplomats

**SHU, Somalia, P.) —** Somalia has byan embassy here leave the country, foreign ministry e move follows a week between opia and South Aden. Libya has ntly accused of Ethiopian-based dent groups intent rowing the 12-time of Siad Barre.

## sued for million in ia crash

**Aug. 25 (R) —** many of the 213 in the crash of an ing 747 off Bom-1, 1978, have sued and two sub-of \$100 million. ls said yesterday. S. District Court s Fitzgerald was rule in a month e case should be r transferred to an t. The plane, on its lomby to Dubai, the sea soon after illing all on board, said they heard an sfire the crash. The heirs of 161 n alleged the crash ed by faulty tion. The sub-named in the suit well International s incorporated.

## demands hackers?

**Aug. 25 (A.P.) —** ed the French gov-extradite the com-hijacked the t Iranian gunboat off the Spanish Aug. 13, Tehran red. In a note sub- French embassy the Iranian foreign Scouted the French including the ister, who claimed s had engaged in a and therefore, they live in France, the "We hear stonements made by thorties and the loss and disgraceful the French interior he radio quoted the s saying. The referred to the "armed terrorists" according to an signed by the and Iranian gov-in 1964, the two had to extradite according to the which was mon-ciruit.

## French air chief meets Jordanian C-in-C

**AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) —** The Commander-in-Chief of the Jordanian Armed Forces Lt. Gen. Zaid Ibn Shaker received in his office at the armed forces headquarters this afternoon the Chief of Staff of the French Air Force, Gen. Suary, who arrived in Amman last night for a private visit to Jordan which will last several days. Lt. Gen. Ibn Shaker presented the Jordan Independence Medal, First Grade, granted to the French general by His Majesty King Hussein, the supreme commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces. The meeting was attended by the accompanying French delegation, the French ambassador in Amman and the commander of the Royal Jordanian Air Force. The chief of the General Staff Maj. Gen. Fathi Abu Taleb also received the guest general at his office at the armed forces Headquarters this morning.

## U.S.-goods boycott committee to release communique soon

**By Mohammad Ayish**  
**Special to the Jordan Times**  
**AMMAN, Aug. 25 —** A general communique on the boycott of American imports to Jordan will be released in the next few days, according to the spokesman of the executive committee for boycotting U.S. products and imports, Dr. Abdel Aziz Al Haj Ahmad. The decision was reached after a one-and-a-half-hour meeting of the executive committee tonight at the Professional Associations Complex. The committee was formed last Saturday after a people's conference condemned "the American support for Israel" and declared a boycott of American goods campaign which will be launched in response to that "ardent" support. "It is the first meeting of the committee since it was set up last Saturday," Dr. Al Haj Ahmad told the Jordan Times. He added that during the meeting, the participants also elected Bar Association President Sulaiman Hadidi as the committee chairman. The committee also elected Mr. Hamad Farhan and Dr. Hassan Khurais as vice-chairmen, and Mr. Rayeq Kemal of the Engineers' Association was elected secretary of the committee. Committee members also agreed to work out bye-laws regulating the functions of the executive body and its relationship with the people's conference and the other subsidiary committees. Last Saturday, the conference set up a number of committees to concentrate on studies and planning, information, public contacts and international and pan-Arab communications to persuade the boycott-U.S.-goods campaign. Dr. Al Haj Ahmad said the executive committee will hold another meeting on next Wednesday.

## Tel Aviv reacts sharply Reagan notifies Congress of arms deal with Saudis

**WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (Agencies) —** The Reagan administration has formally notified the Congress of its intention to proceed with an \$8.5 billion arms deal with the Saudis which includes five Ariborne Warning and Control Systems (AWACS) aircraft.

However, the administration faces a tough battle in Congress over the proposed arms deal although a congressional study says closer military ties would help to avert a possible anti-Western uprising there. Israel has sharply criticised the deal and many members of Congress share its concern. The House of Representatives' Foreign Affairs Committee yesterday released a report stressing the importance of growing U.S.-Saudi military ties. Although it did not specifically endorse the administration's plan, the study is likely to figure in bitter debate over the issue. "A significant anti-Western uprising in the oil-rich 'kingdom' would be a major blow to Western economic, diplomatic and security interests in the area, the study said. It said growing U.S. military ties with Saudi Arabia such as the proposed AWACS sales were an important factor in averting this since the Saudis considered such deals "the principal test of U.S. reliability and political commitment."

Administration spokesman said President Reagan considered the sale essential to the defence of oil-fields vital to U.S. interests. A majority of Congress is already on record as opposing the deal and officials had no illusions about what they described as the "uphill battle" ahead. Undersecretary of State James Buckley said the arrangements under which the deal would be made would "enhance the security of all friendly states without jeopardising the interests of any one of them."

As for Israeli concerns about the sale, Mr. Buckley said the administration remained committed to Israel's security and "will ensure that Israel maintains its substantial military advantage over potential adversaries."

to the proposed arms sale in Saudi Arabia. The officials charged that sale of AWACS would dangerously weaken Israel's defences and disrupt the Middle East balance of power.

"We will make our position known to the administration and to the American public," one official said. But he declined to say whether the Israeli government would seek to mobilize the Jewish-American lobby in an effort to block the sale in Congress. While loudly condemning the proposed deal, Israel so far had avoided a direct clash with the Reagan administration. The reasons for this were examined today by the left-wing newspaper Davar. It said: "Worst of all (for Israel) would be to fight and lose. But when the rival is a friendly U.S. president at the height of his prowess and who is likely to turn vengeful if he suffers a first defeat caused by Israel it would not be good even to win the battle."

Three years ago the American Jewish lobby lost in a fierce clash with the administration of former president Jimmy Carter over the sale of F-15 fighter-bombers to Saudi Arabia. The encounter scarred Israeli-American relations in a fashion the Israelis would not be keen to repeat.

In Tel Aviv, Israeli officials reiterated their opposition today



Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin (left) is met upon his arrival in Alexandria Tuesday by Egyptian Vice President Husni Mubarak. (A.P. wirephoto)

## Begin starts summit with Sadat

**ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 25 (Agencies) —** Egyptian and Israeli leaders today began a two-day summit in Alexandria. Mr. Menachem Begin determined to resist President Anwar Sadat's request that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) be brought into the Camp David process. Mr. Begin flew to Alexandria in his twin-engine executive jet and was greeted by vice-president and former fighter pilot Hnsni Mubarak and Defence Minister Mohammad Abu Ghazala. Mr. Begin was accompanied by Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, Interior Minister Yosef Burg and Defence Minister Ariel Sharon. President Sadat recently called for the PLO and Israel to recognise each other but this was firmly rejected by Mr. Begin. Israeli officials said Mr. Sharon was trying to promote an alternative Palestinian leadership from the rural West Bank population, thought to be more pliable to Israel than the ardent nationalist urban mayors. Egypt has said it does not object to resuming the autonomy talks but prefers to wait until the Reagan administration in the U.S. firmly crystallise its policy. Mr. Begin began his visit by laying a wreath on the tomb of the unknown soldier and, watched by a sparse crowd, he inscribed a book at the tomb with a message hoping for lasting peace between Israel and Egypt. Israeli officials meanwhile expressed fears for the future. "The Egyptian press is full of anti-Semitism," one complained. "We don't ask them to love us but we do not want them to try and show some understanding."

## As protesters occupy embassies at Brussels, Hague Tehran hunts down Mujahedeem

**LONDON, Aug. 25 (R) —** Iranian security forces have rounded up hundreds of anti-government activists in continuing raids on leftist hideouts, Tehran Radio said today. The radio, monitored by Reuters, said revolutionary guards arrested 179 members and supporters of leftist groups in the southern city of Kerman where gunmen ambushed a group of guards last night. The radio said guerrillas of the underground Mujahedeem-e-Khalq armed with machineguns had killed one revolutionary guard and wounded another in the attack, apparently in retaliation for the mass arrests in the city. Quoting a communique by Kerman revolutionary guards, Tehran Radio said leftist dissidents, opposed to the clergy rule in Iran, had shot another guard in the city of Rezvanshahr. The radio also carried a statement by security forces in the central city of Isfahan where the guards claimed to have uncovered a major military network of the Mujahedeem. In Tehran a handgrenade was thrown at the entrance to Pars news agency—the latest of at least three attacks on the agency building—but it caused no casualties. The Pars report, received in Ankara, said one man was arrested after the incident and

## Tehran hunts down Mujahedeem

guns were found in his car. Meanwhile, Iranian students opposed to Ayatollah Khomeini briefly occupied the Iranian embassies in Belgium and the Netherlands today. They were removed by police and there were no casualties. The incidents followed an attack on the Iranian embassy in Stockholm yesterday in which anti-Khomeini students held the ambassador hostage for four hours before police rescued him. One of the students who invaded the embassy in Brussels said the group were supporters of deposed Iranian president Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr who is in exile in France. The embassy was draped with a large banner urging an end to the "fascist and bloody Khomeini regime."

## Cheysson-Arafat meeting undecided

**PARIS, Aug. 25 (R) —** French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson said today it had not been decided whether he would meet Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat during a Middle East tour this week. "Will I see Chairman Arafat when going through Beirut? that is absolutely not yet decided," Mr. Cheysson told reporters when he arrived home from India. But external relations ministry sources said later there had been contacts with the PLO on the subject. They declined to comment on reports in the French media which had there had been no decision on the meeting because France and the PLO disagreed on the venue. Some French radio stations said the PLO insisted that the two men meet at its Beirut headquarters while France, aware of Lebanese sensitivities, wanted it at the French embassy. One station said Damascus might be a compromise venue for the first meeting between the Palestinian leader and a French foreign minister since 1974. Mr. Cheysson will be in Jordan on Friday, Lebanon the following day and Syria on Sunday.

## Warsaw Pact to confront 'U.S. aggression?' Qadhafi confers with Assad: urgent Arab summit mooted

**DAMASCUS, Aug. 25 (Agencies) —** Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi met President Hafez Al Assad and other top Syrian officials today, the latest step in a 10-day tour of Arab capitals aimed at presenting a united front against what has been termed "American aggression" in the Middle East. Col. Qadhafi arrived in Syria yesterday after visiting the rulers of Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates and South Yemen, as well as the ruler of the North African nation of Ethiopia. The Libyan leader, flanked by his foreign minister, Ali Abdel-salam Tureiki, and another top adviser, Abdel Ati Obeidi, conferred with Mr. Assad and senior officials in Syria's ruling Baathist Party. Col. Qadhafi and Mr. Assad had a private talk last night before a banquet honouring the Libyan leader. Yasser Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, came to Damascus yesterday, but so far there has been no official word on his expected meeting with Col. Qadhafi. A senior Qadhafi aide has said that the Libyan leader was working on plans for an emergency Arab summit to discuss America's aggressive schemes, in addition to oil, the Middle East in general and Lebanon. The aide said the heads of states of Kuwait and the UAE had agreed to participate such a summit. Meanwhile in Rome, a Libyan official has predicted there will be other incidents between Libya and the United States and described relations between the countries as a "struggle between good and evil."

"Almost certainly, there will be other episodes like those in the Gulf of Sidra in the future," said Mr. Ali Attiya, information officer for the Libyan peoples bureau, the equivalent of the embassy here. "It is a struggle between good and evil... and evil will try again." Mr. Attiya also said Libya could permit Warsaw Pact bases on its territory to counter the "arrogance" of the United States in the Mediterranean. Mr. Attiya said the role of the Soviet Union in the Mediterranean was to "resist the U.S. arrogance of power." "Those with whom we have friendship and cooperation is not dictated from outside, and we have the liberty to defend ourselves as we wish," Mr. Attiya said.

## MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

### Iran, Iraq exchange POWs at Lamaca airport

**GENEVA, Aug. 25 (R) —** The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) supervised the exchange of 45 Iraqi and 40 Iranian prisoners in Cyprus today, the Swiss-based committee announced. Among the prisoners exchanged at Lamaca airport were a number of severely wounded soldiers and some civilian detainees. An ICRC spokesman said former Iranian Oil Minister Muhammad Javad Tndduyan, captured by Iraq during the Gulf conflict last Oct. 31, was not among the prisoners exchanged today. The minister was still in detention in Iraq, he added. The Red Cross organised a similar exchange of 42 prisoners between Iran and Iraq on June 16, also at Lamaca airport.

### Arab League receives formal Lebanese request for summit

**TUNIS, Aug. 25 (R) —** Lebanon has formally asked the Arab League to call a summit meeting to discuss the Lebanese situation, Arab League sources said today. The Lebanese request was delivered by Lebanese presidential envoy Ghassan Tounai to Arab League Secretary General Chedli Klibi in Tunis last night, they added. therefore a sacred site. Work on King David's city has been in progress for almost 20 years and there has never been any evidence that the site was used as a cemetery in any era," Prof. Mazar said. "We urge the rabbinate to reconsider its decision and for the knesset to condemn this attempt to interfere with an important project."

### Sadat regime confiscates leading opposition paper

**CAIRO, Aug. 25 (R) —** Police confiscated the opposition Socialist Labour Party (SLP) newspaper Al Shaab today and SLP leader Ibrahim Shukri said the action could be connected with the visit of Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin. Mr. Shukri said he had written the main article in today's issue of the weekly under the title "No to Begin's visit". "It could be related," he said. The party appealed to a Cairo court but the public prosecutor's confiscation order was upheld, SLP officials said. "Al Shaab's editor, Hamed Zeidan, said this week's articles "were no more than an expression of the party's well-known line and manifesto."

### U.K. aide to visit Cairo to discuss arms production

**CAIRO, Aug. 25 (R) —** British Defence Secretary John Nott will visit Egypt on Sept. 16 for talks on cooperation in arms production, Egyptian defence ministry sources said today. Britain agreed in July to help Egypt produce 120-mm Howitzers and a contract for technical assistance in replacing the guns on Egypt's Soviet-made T-62 tanks is under negotiation, they said.

### Archaeologists protest at ban on digs at King David's city

**OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Aug. 25 (R) —** Israel's leading archaeologists and scholars today attacked a ban by the country's chief rabbi on excavations to uncover the site of the ancient city of King David and called on the Knesset (parliament) to condemn it. Prof. Binyamin Mazar, a former Hebrew University rector and noted archaeologist, told a press conference there was no basis in the rabbinical decision last week to ban further work at the western Jerusalem dig because "it had been a cemetery in biblical times and was

### Sadat regime confiscates leading opposition paper

**U.S. firm refuses to enter partnership with Israel**  
**TEL AVIV, Aug. 25 (A.P.) —** The American engineering firm Pratt and Whitney has refused to go into partnership with Israel in producing an engine for a new Israeli fighter plane, the Maariv newspaper reported today. Earlier press reports said the engine for a new fighter, which Israel planned to introduce at the end of this decade to replace its Kir jet, was to be produced at Bet Shemesh Engines, in a factory outside occupied Jerusalem with technical know-how from the U.S. firm. The defence ministry had no comment on the Maariv report, which gave no reasons for the American firm's decision. Originally, the American firm was to enter into limited partnership with Bet Shemesh engines, but now, will only sell the Israeli company the technology to build the engine itself, Maariv said.

# NATIONAL

## BY MID-1982 Jordan adopts syllabus for education and rehabilitation of handicapped

By Dina Matar  
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — By mid-1982, a first-of-its-kind syllabus for the education and rehabilitation of the mentally handicapped will have been adopted in Jordan.

A committee of special education experts is currently busy putting forward plans and ideas for the project, funded by the Jordanian National Committee for the International Year of the Disabled. The project aims at educating and rehabilitating mentally handicapped people by offering them those basic educational skills from which they have been deprived for a long time.

Since no unified syllabus has ever been carried out at special education centres in the country, the programme first aims at qualifying teachers dealing with the mentally handicapped, both inside or outside the classroom.

Although the programme stresses the academic aspect of education for the handicapped, it places special emphasis on the development of the sensory and motor skills of the children. "Some handicapped children

need help, because they do not know how to walk, eat, or even speak properly," Dr. Fawzi Daoud, the project's supervisor, said.

The implementation of the project would be great help to centres catering for the mentally handicapped, since until now each centre has been using a different curriculum, and the situation has been chaotic. "Workers at special education centres in Jordan have been following their common sense in these matters," Dr. Daoud told the Jordan Times, adding that this "has led to some problems."

The proposed curriculum will be comprehensive, in the sense that it will serve the different degrees of mental disability, as well as the various age groups of the disabled. "Of course, we will not expect much at the very beginning," Dr. Daoud said, "but we will modify the syllabus to suit the needs of our (disabled) children, so as to get the maximum feedback."

To ensure the programme's success, its supervisors intend to test it, and then to compare results, in a bid to come out with a

final version that will be useful for all the mentally handicapped in Jordan.

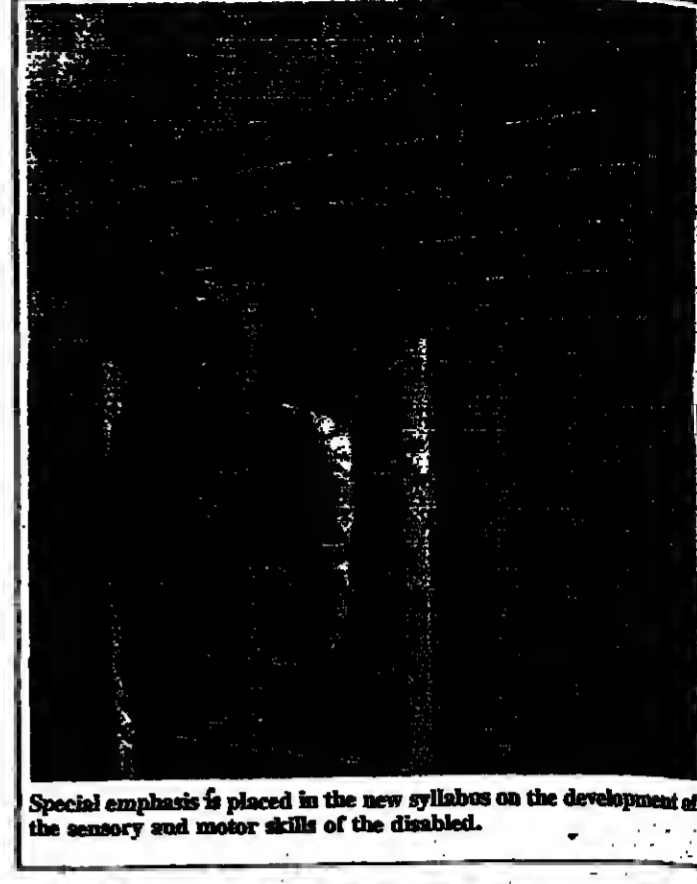
The first stage has been already completed, and data on the number of the mentally handicapped and, the centres accommodating them in Jordan have been collected and analysed.

Dr. Daoud expressed his regret that there are only eight centres for special education throughout the country. Only 500 mentally handicapped children are now receiving treatment and guidance, out of the estimated total of 20,000 mentally handicapped in the country.

The syllabus itself has been outlined with special emphasis on developing the auditory, visual, and manipulative skills of the disabled. Although vocational training is one of the ultimate aims of the education of the mentally handicapped, the syllabus does not emphasise its importance. However, plans for its implementation will be discussed in the second stage. "At the moment, we would like to offer the mentally disabled fundamental education, so that he or she can manage without the help of others," Dr. Daoud

said. Although, the mentally handicapped would always need supervision and guidance, some cases have been able to live a fairly satisfactory life, he added.

One of the problems facing supervisors and specialists in special education is the lack of qualified and well-trained teachers for the education of the mentally handicapped. Although no formal training for teachers has been offered in the country, the University of Jordan has started a two-year programme, and the first batch of its students graduated this year, and are now working in the field. The Community College for Social Work also has started a two-year course, taken after secondary school, for an intermediate diploma in the field. But, Dr. Daoud said, teachers will be offered in-service training in special education centres after the new syllabus has been implemented. "Although the syllabus would only be a drop in the ocean for the mentally handicapped in our country, I hope that in a few years' time people would be more oriented towards helping out in every possible way," he added.



Special emphasis is placed in the new syllabus on the development of the sensory and motor skills of the disabled.



Dr. Fawzi Daoud



The programme's first aim is to qualify teachers dealing with the handicapped, both inside and outside the classroom.



Although vocational training is one of the ultimate aims of the education of the handicapped, the syllabus does not emphasise its importance.

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION	
<b>CHANNEL 3</b>	5:30 Koran 5:40 Cartoons 6:45 Children's programme 6:20 B.J. and the Bear 7:10 Programme preview 7:20 Local programme 8:00 News in Arabic 8:30 A Report on Sports 8:50 Arabic series 9:50 Local programme 10:15 Dallas 11:00 News Summary
<b>CHANNEL 6</b>	6:00 French programme 7:00 News in French 7:30 News in Hebrew 7:45 Varieties 8:00 News in Arabic 8:30 And Mother Makes 5 9:10 Professionals 10:00 News in English 10:15 Dallas 11:15 News summary in Arabic
<b>RADIO JORDAN</b> 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM	7:00 Sign on 7:05 Morning Show 7:30 News Bulletin 7:40 Morning Show 10:00 News Headlines 10:03 Morning Show 10:30 30 Minute Theatre 11:00 Signing off 12:00 News Headlines 12:03 Pop Session 13:00 News Summary 13:03 Pop Session 14:00 News Bulletin 14:10 Instrumentals 14:30 Andalucia 15:00 Concert Hour 16:00 News Summary 16:03 Instrumentals 16:30 Old Favourites 17:00 World of Arabian Music 17:30 Pop Session 18:00 News Summary 18:03 Story Time 18:30 Country Music 19:00 News Desk (News Bulletin, Press Review, News Reports) 19:10 News Reports 19:30 Disco

VOICE OF AMERICA	
<b>GMT</b>	04:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dazzle 18:00 Special English news feature "Space and Man." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: American, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.
<b>ARRIVALS:</b>	7:40 Cairo (EA) 8:55 Aqaba 9:30 Jeddah 9:40 Kuwait 9:45 Dubai, Muscat 10:00 Amman 10:05 Abu Dhabi 11:25 Beirut 11:40 Cairo (EA) 13:00 Bucharest (Tarom) 14:00 Jeddah (SV) 15:05 Larnaca (CY) 15:35 Kuwait (KAC) 16:30 Cairo 16:35 Athens 17:00 Cairo 17:00 Bangkok 17:25 Paris (AF) 17:35 Zurich (SR) 18:00 Copenhagen, Athens 18:00 London 18:00 Karachi (PIA) 18:30 Cairo (EA) 19:10 Cairo (EA) 19:35 Frankfurt (LH) 20:00 Beirut (MEA) 20:55 London (BA) 21:40 Cairo (EA) 23:55 Baghdad 01:00 Cairo
<b>DEPARTURES:</b>	2:30 Cairo 5:15 Frankfurt (LH) 6:30 Beirut 7:00 Aqaba

EMERGENCIES	
<b>DOCTORS:</b>	Amman: Abolhadi Teem 72435 Ali Al Hawamdeh 33942/67753 Zarqa: Mufid Hamzeh 85522/83047 Irbid: Fakri Haddad 3409
<b>PHARMACIES:</b>	Amman: Al Salam 36730 Firas 61912 Al Hindi 44422 Al Wihdat (-) Zarqa: Al Leil (-) Irbid: Al Shifa 2708 Taxis: Ashour 23230 Khalid 23715 Rania 25095 Sultan 51998
<b>CULTURAL CENTRES</b>	American Centre 41520

PRAYER TIMES	
Fajr	3:40
Sunrise	5:07
Dhuhr	11:38
'Asr	3:16
Maghreb	6:06
'Isha	7:54

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES	
UAE dirham	92/92.8 (for every 100) 27.127.3
Omani riyal	975/980 French franc 56.626.9
U.S. dollar	338/340 Dutch guilder 123.8/124.5
U.K. sterling	622.6/626.3 Swedish crown 64.6/64.9
W. German mark	135.6/136.4 Belgian franc 84.6/85.2
Swiss franc	155.9/156.8 Japanese yen 148.2/149.4 (for every 100)
Italian lire	

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS	
Ambulance (government)	7511
Civil Defence rescue	6111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency)	37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken)	24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA)	92288/92296
Jordan Television	73111
Radio Jordan	74111
Fire headquarters	22881
Cablegram or telegram	71
Telephone:	
Information	11
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls	12
Overseas radio and satellite calls	17
Telephone maintenance and repair service	11

MARKET PRICES					
Tomatoes	60	40	Bananas	260	200
Eggplant	140	80	Apples (Green)	380	300
Potatoes (imported)	120	80	Apples (Red)	380	300
Marrow (small)	190	120	Apples	390	300
Marrow (large)	120	80	Apples (Double Red)	250	200
Cucumber (small)	190	120	Apples (Sturken)	200	150
Cucumber (large)	120	80	Melons	100	70
Fagous	120	80	Water Melons	120	200
Peas	270	200	Plums (Red)	250	200
Okra (Green)	280	220	Plums (Yellow)	250	100
Okra (Red)	280	220	Apricots	160	200
Maloukhiyah	80	50	Cherries	300	150
Hot Green Pepper	120	80	Lemons	200	100
Cabbage	110	70	Oranges (Valencia, Waxed)	120	120
Onions (dry)	110	70	Oranges (Waxed)	170	100
Garlic	550	500	Grapefruit	150	100
Carrots	130	90	Grape	150	100
Potatoes (local)	120	80	Potatoes	250	180
Grape leaves	250	200	Fig	250	250
			Peach	350	250

مكتبة الامم المتحدة

# The mathematics of money: Madaba's new team faces hurdles

Mohammad Ayish  
The Jordan Times

Aug. 25 — The municipal council of the Jordanian city will look on a package of programmes, most of them among the issues concerning the city's citizens. The council's new president, Ahmad Azyadeh, put the council's ability to put programmes into effect, believe that budgetary problems could pose a problem. The council's administrative and financial shortages of manpower as well as of technical staff need to be rectified, the city's new president, Ahmad Azyadeh, told the Jordan Times. The Madaba council intends to seek that regard from the Public Works and the Planning Council, as well as other institutions, he said. Such moves might lead to the creation of new projects in the municipality, he said.

Madaba Municipality, new home for the Action Bloc (Staff photos by Mohammad Ayish)

shown some degree of support for the council, but say they will await the achievements of the new body to assess its qualifications. "We have many issues to be resolved in the city, particularly with regard to sanitation and unorganised building," said Mr. Zaid Bakhit, a civil servant who lives in the city. He said he expects the new municipal council to go ahead with the kindergarten project and, far more important, with the sewerage project, which has not yet seen the light of day.

Another Madaba citizen, Mr. Mustafa Ma'ay'a, said he expects the council to fulfill its election programme as well as possible within the existing limitations. Although he does not think that all the problems that figured in the election will be resolved, he said, he believes that at least something should be done on those "with extreme importance."



Ahmad Azyadeh

## Qasem shuffles diplomatic posts

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem has decided to transfer a number of diplomats from the ministry office to Jordanian embassies abroad, and to return others to Amman. Those affected include Minister Plenipotentiary Mazen Nashashibi, to go to London; Counsellor Talal Al Hassan to become general consul in Dubai; and Counsellor Faysal Khurshid to go to Tripoli. First Secretary Walid Al Ramahi is transferred from Abu Dhabi to Dubai. The transfers are effective as from Sept. 15.

## Living cost said to drop 2% in June

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (J.T.) — The Department of Statistics has announced that the cost of living index for June this year has dropped by two per cent compared to May, according to Al Ra'i newspaper. The department said that the cause of the drop in the cost of living was reductions in the prices of foodstuffs by 1.9 per cent; fruits and vegetables by 13.2 per cent, and medical care by 1.3 per cent, and came despite the rise in the price of cigarettes by 12.4 per cent and transportation by 4.7 per cent. The department also announced, however, that the cost of living in June was by 15.3 per cent higher than in June 1980, and 99.3 per cent higher than in June 1975.

## Dutch civil aviation team arrives

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — A Netherlands aviation delegation under the Dutch director general of civil aviation arrived in today Amman for an official visit in Jordan which will last several days. They will hold talks with Jordanian officials on cooperation in civil aviation. Meanwhile, the Czechoslovak civil aviation authority has expressed its preparedness to hold bilateral talks with Jordan to conclude an agreement on air transport between the two countries. The Czechoslovak authority has sent a memo to this effect to the Civil Aviation Department, which in turn expressed its desire to hold such talks. The Civil Aviation Department will participate in meetings of the Arab Civil Aviation Council which will be held in Rabat in the first week of October.

## UNICEF to support rural drinking water, environmental health projects with WSC

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has expressed its readiness to contribute equipment needed for drinking water and environmental health projects in Jordan, it was announced today. UNICEF will contribute JD 200,000, while the Water Supply Corporation (WSC) will allocate JD 255,000, for this purpose. The projects are expected to be completed within the next two months. Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Mamani today discussed with UNICEF's regional director the possibility of UNICEF participation in these projects. They also discussed the northern badia water project, to which UNICEF has contributed \$800,000 and the WSC JD 1.1 million. The first phase of the project will be completed at the end of this year. The UNICEF official said his organisation has obtained JD 4 million from the Kuwaiti development fund to finance its projects.

## CAEU aide to Tunis for round of Arab meetings

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — The assistant secretary general of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU), Mr. Nasouh Al Barghouthi, left Amman for Tunis today to represent the CAEU general secretariat at meetings of the seven-member committee of Arab organisations which will begin in Tunis tomorrow. During the meetings, the committee will discuss proposals related to chapter six of the Arab League draft law regarding the relationship of Arab organisations with the Arab League. Mr. Barghouthi will also represent the CAEU at the meetings of the Arab Economic and Social Council on the ministerial and experts level. The meetings will begin on Aug. 30. He will also participate in the meetings of the extraordinary session of the Arab League Council, which will begin in the first week of September to discuss the new draft law of the Arab League. He will then attend the ordinary session of the Arab League Council which will follow the extraordinary session.



Upper House Speaker Bahjat Al Talhouni hands out certificates to Wasfiyah Centre vocational training graduates in Amman Tuesday night, shortly after his return from the meetings of the Arab Parliamentary Union in Damascus. (Petra photo)

## Talhouni back from APU session on Lebanon crisis

RAMTHA, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Bahjat Al Talhouni and his delegation returned in Jordan from Damascus this morning after participating in meetings of the heads of Arab parliaments, and the 11th Arab Parliamentary Union (APU) meeting held in Bludan on Aug. 22 and 23. Mr. Talhouni told Petra, the Jordan News Agency, in Ramtha that during the meetings, the participants discussed the question of a unified Arab stand at the meetings of the International Parliamentary Union which will begin in Havana

Sept. 13. Mr. Talhouni added that the APU formed committees of the heads of Arab parliaments, including Jordan, with the aim of cleansing the Arab atmosphere and strengthening Arab solidarity. He said the union's council expressed its extreme concern over Israel's policy of violence in the region as well as its escalation of aggression of Lebanon, particularly on the country's southern areas. They denounced Israel's "barbarous campaign of annihilation against innocent citizens," Mr. Talhouni said.

## Ministerial development team meets on water, sewerage plans

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — The ministerial development committee held a three-hour meeting this afternoon under Prime Minister Mudar Badran. The committee reviewed water and sewerage projects in various parts of the country, and the practical steps taken as well as the stages of these projects' implementation. During the meeting, agreement was reached to expedite the completion of water and sewerage projects in various areas of Amman, and sewerage networks in the adjoining areas and municipalities. It was also decided that the Amman Water and Sewerage Authority (AWSA) should undertake the responsibility for the projects' implementation, both in Amman and in the suburbs. The committee also discussed the question of the water and sewerage projects in several other cities, and requested the Water Supply Corporation (WSC) to implement these projects according to plan. Agreement was also reached on the need for the Ministry of Finance and National Planning Council secure the necessary funds for these projects. The meeting was attended, in addition to the members of the ministerial development committee, by the ministers of the interior, health and municipal and rural affairs and the environment; the mayor of Amman; the director general of the WSC, and the acting director general of AWSA.

## JTV orders transmitters from Britain

LONDON, Aug. 25 (J.T.) — The Jordan Television Corporation has ordered a number of VHF television transmitters for use in transmitting programmes on its two channels as part of the expansion planned by the corporation. The order includes the latest Marconi VHF transmitters, with aerials, and other accessories. These systems are due to start operation early next year. The systems are made by Marconi Communication Systems of Britain, whose engineers will undertake the task of installing the systems before they are officially handed over to the TV corporation.

## Jabal Luweibdeh street to become evening pedestrian mall Thursday

Map showing the municipality's plan for an evening pedestrian zone in Jabal Luweibdeh

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (J.T.) — Amman Mayor Isam Ajlouni said today it has been decided to close to traffic the area between the Sharif College Mosque and the Sanabal bakeries in Jabal Luweibdeh from 5 to 12 p.m. each night, leaving it open to pedestrians only, beginning this Thursday. Mr. Ajlouni added that Shahid Street in Jabal Al Taj will be closed similarly in the evenings beginning on Thursday. He said the municipality is currently studying the possibility of allocating other streets in all Amman areas for evening pedestrian use. Mr. Ajlouni explained that this step comes as a result of the success of the recent experiment with the procedure in Jabal Hussein.

### National zone

project on the new idea is the creation of a national zone. This also endorsed by the city Bloc in the election to plans drafted to all mechanics, car-smiths and other would have to move out of an area located to

new administration is to build a public kindergarten, as well as a city. An engineer, said he will coordinate private institutions to the city, that those services to everybody in every band, the young or believes that some head in the ion of the prog- most serious prob- could be the finan- arises from limited id paired with huge ming programmes. But the municipality most to raise money public and to obtain cover any deficit in ead. And some of to be carried out by ality, such as the t of a marketplace action hall, will serve od forms of invest-

potential problem is a vareness and com- the part of the cit- ing to Mr. Azyadeh. l that such a problem visted through hold- nosia and meetings he people on such ible sanitation and dations.

Madaba citizens, the il council looks ing its goals; but in the- bers, financial limi- a difficult obstacle. y confident that the ration will attain the t for itself." Madaba hmad Shawabkeh told Times. But is, to expect much pal council as long as insufficient, he said, but case, all citizens' he council to help it' : shortcoming."

that the new mun- was elected by a siz- of Madaba citizens- rest hopes they place said Mr. Juma' Mif- d that the choice of as mayor was a right "it is the first time ualified person takes 's administration." adaba citizens have,

### NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

#### Ibrahim meets U.S. envoy

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Hassan Ibrahim today met with the recently appointed American ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Richard N. Viets. During the meeting, they discussed topics of common interest to Jordan and the United States.

#### Telecoms project under way

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Director General of Telecommunications Muhammad Shahed Ismail said that the rural telecommunications project has entered the phase of implementation, and it is expected to be completed in 1983. Mr. Ismail said that an integrated working team representing French companies is currently conducting the final survey to determine the positions and lines related to the project under the supervision of another working team made up of the authority's advisers and specialised engineers. He said the project will provide telephones and modern electronic communications services to no less than 266 cities and villages in the northern and central areas of the country. The JD 40 million project will be financed according to a Jordanian-French protocol, he said.

#### Law programme said threatened

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (J.T.) — Al Ra'i newspaper reported today that the school of law at the University of Jordan may be forced to cancel its masters degree programme for this year, because of a shortage of qualified faculty. Informed sources at the school of law have pointed out the difficulty of registering new students for the masters degree at the school of law this year, the paper said.

#### FAO/WFP team tours Irbid

IRBID, Aug. 25 (Petra) — A delegation representing the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) and the World Food Programme (WFP) today toured Irbid Governorate to get acquainted with agricultural projects in the area. The team heard a report from officials of the Irbid Governorate Agriculture Directorate on projects currently under way, particularly the highlands development project, which will benefit 4,096 farmers in various regions of the governorate.

#### Visiting Arab children leave

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Children of Sudan, Saudi Arabia and Oman, guests of Her Majesty Queen Noor, today left Amman for their own countries after taking part in the Common Arab Heritage week here. Supervisors of these delegations, expressing their thanks to the Queen, asserted that the success of the meeting represents a true reinforcement of relations among Arab countries.

#### Iraqi awqaf team here

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — A delegation from the Iraqi ministry of awqaf and Islamic affairs, headed by Mr. Mohammad Omar Gardani, yesterday arrived in Amman for a visit to Jordan. During the visit, the delegation will hold talks with officials at the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs on ways of reinforcing relations between the two ministries. The Jordanian ministry has prepared a programme for the visiting delegation to visit a number of Islamic and archaeological sites.

### Momani meets EEC delegate

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Mamani today met with European Economic Community (EEC) Delegate Thomas O'Sullivan. Mr. Mamani said later that the EEC is ready to endow scholarships for ministry staff in organisation and regional and environmental planning. He added that three European experts will be sent to the ministry to advise it in these areas. The ministry obtained an EEC credit for the Development Bank for Municipalities and Village Councils, he added.

### UNICEF to support rural drinking water, environmental health projects with WSC

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) has expressed its readiness to contribute equipment needed for drinking water and environmental health projects in Jordan, it was announced today. UNICEF will contribute JD 200,000, while the Water Supply Corporation (WSC) will allocate JD 255,000, for this purpose. The projects are expected to be completed within the next two months. Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Mamani today discussed with UNICEF's regional director the possibility of UNICEF participation in these projects. They also discussed the northern badia water project, to which UNICEF has contributed \$800,000 and the WSC JD 1.1 million. The first phase of the project will be completed at the end of this year. The UNICEF official said his organisation has obtained JD 4 million from the Kuwaiti development fund to finance its projects.

### CAEU aide to Tunis for round of Arab meetings

AMMAN, Aug. 25 (Petra) — The assistant secretary general of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU), Mr. Nasouh Al Barghouthi, left Amman for Tunis today to represent the CAEU general secretariat at meetings of the seven-member committee of Arab organisations which will begin in Tunis tomorrow. During the meetings, the committee will discuss proposals related to chapter six of the Arab League draft law regarding the relationship of Arab organisations with the Arab League. Mr. Barghouthi will also represent the CAEU at the meetings of the Arab Economic and Social Council on the ministerial and experts level. The meetings will begin on Aug. 30. He will also participate in the meetings of the extraordinary session of the Arab League Council, which will begin in the first week of September to discuss the new draft law of the Arab League. He will then attend the ordinary session of the Arab League Council which will follow the extraordinary session.

# SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

## Consumer protection

### (Part 3 of 3)

By Dr. Awn Rifai

**THE RELATIONSHIP** between the suggested consumer protection society and the official authorities is one of follow-up and feedback on the part of the former. As the official authorities enforce adherence to the regulations regarding the basic specifications of the products, the society goes into the details of the suitability of the article for its intended use, and advises the public and the authorities to that effect.

The official authorities lay out the standard specifications to which the product in the market is supposed to conform. Although a lot has been achieved in this respect, the range of items covered and the depth of the specifications have been limited, in view of the newness of this activity and the shortage of the necessary staff and resources.

The general specifications of the product vary within the

boundaries of the national standard specifications. And so the monitoring of the national specifications is the prerogative of the authorities, that of the general specifications is the task of the consumer protection society. The role of the government is one of enforcement of the regulations, while that of the society is one of advising and recommending.

The society will have the task of following-up on the quality of the marketed items. Any variation in the quality of the price should be reported. It should also set out logical practices, convey the results of the public's trial of the products, and compile statistics on consumers' opinions and satisfaction. Any complaints will be recorded and dealt with by the society, or referred to the concerned channels. This will give confidence to local consumers and to tourists, who will be encouraged to do their

shopping comfortably. These achievements might prove to be helpful in subduing inflation and stimulating competition among the producers.

The proposed society will observe agricultural produce, and advise on the grading of the fruits and vegetables and on the means of getting the best buys in the various locations. It will keep an eye on the consumption of meat, poultry and fish, especially those imported, or frozen. It will also advise on

liquid or powdered milk, children's food, canned food, confectionery, bread, pastry and bottled drinks, including their ingredients and any side-effects resulting from their consumption. The society will inform the public of the nutritional value of the foodstuff, and on possible substitutes for low-income people or for people with dietary restrictions. The public will be kept aware

of the conditions prevailing in the marketplace and in the restaurants.

The clothing and textile industry will have to be scrutinised by the society. Advice on the cloth, leather or other fabrics should be provided with pertinent information as to their suitability for the summer or winter season, for formal, business, casual or luxury clothes and for children's clothes. Reports on colour-fast materials, latest fashions, proper tailoring, special uniforms and comfort of shoes should be compiled by the society. The society will also advise on items for personal use such as soap, shaving creams, razors, toiletries, perfumes and colognes, shampoos, beauty products and babies' requisites.

The society's activities should also encompass household articles. Home furniture,

kitchenware, fridges, washing machines, ovens, tableware, silverware, television sets, video and audio equipment and garden tools; are only a few of the items to be listed on the agenda of the society. Office furniture and stationery should also be monitored, as well as a myriad other products such as cars, building materials, gas and petrol.

The society will have the task of reporting on the availability of the spare-parts for the manufactured products, and on the after-sale service offered by the dealers. It will report on the discounts, sales and bargains in the various stores; and will caution the public against any mishaps. Advertisements in television and newspapers or otherwise should be monitored, in order to detect any inconsistency between the content of the advertisement and what is actually given to the consumer.

Travellers to other countries too will appreciate the guidance of the society on what to buy abroad and where to buy from.

The establishment of a consumer protection society in Jordan is important since it directly affects every individual in the country. No doubt the body will meet difficulties in the course of its operation.

The financing of such a large-scale enterprise is a matter that throws many questions in its merits of launching it in the first place. The society will be vulnerable to falling hands of some businessmen who will try to steer it to his own advantage. It is faced with strong opposition from those who will get harmed by its actions. However, its survival in Jordan will depend on its ability to enhance facilities and benefits to consumers, and on the policy adopted to attain this aim.

## Bombs away!

THE FORMAL notification of Congress by the Reagan administration that it wants to sell Saudi Arabia a package of sophisticated military equipment, notably the five AWACS planes, will set off a few months of intense politicking for and against the deal. As we were with the original sale of American F-15 jets to Saudi Arabia several years ago, we are confident that the package will be approved by Congress. American lawmakers are certifiably infantile when it comes to Israel and the Arab World - but they are not quite so stupid as to deny an armaments package to a country that almost single-handedly props up the Western economic world. Even the American Congress has enough sense to know where its national interests lie.

But there is a question we would like to hear answered sometime during the coming debate. U.S. Undersecretary of State James Buckley said a few days ago that the American administration remains committed to Israel's security and "will ensure that Israel maintains its substantial military advantage over potential adversaries." We understand why Mr. Buckley has to say these things and we do not now hold him accountable for things that he will someday have to explain fully to his Maker. Yet our question to the American administration is the following: Could we please have a clear definition of what constitutes Israeli "security"? Is there a parallel commitment to the security of Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Iraq and other Arab states? Does the commitment to Israeli security include American financing of the Israeli occupation and colonisation of the West Bank and Gaza?

These are the basic questions that we would like answered by the American government. If Mr. Buckley's words are understood properly, the United States will always maintain Israel's ability to bomb any part of the Arab World with total impunity. What kind of price are we all being asked to pay for approval of the Saudi arms package?

## ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

**AL RA'I:** In his address to the National Consultative Council (NCC) yesterday Prime Minister Mudar Badran explained that the international community shows a great deal of understanding of the dangers of the aggressive Israeli plan to open the Med-Dead canal, and that the Jordanian diplomatic efforts to resist the plan are finding a big response in the various international and regional quarters - as was evident in the recent international energy conference held in Nairobi.

The states participating in the conference condemned this plan and called on Israel to abandon the idea for good.

In addition to the unanimity of the international community's rejection of the project, some studies, including studies by Israeli experts, have proven that this project is not economically viable because of the high cost needed for its implementation and the big damage which it might cause.

However, the enemy government, which is used to violating international consensus, is going ahead with the implementation of this project, challenging the world's public opinion and the views of its economic experts. Furthermore, it is organising a fund-raising campaign in the United States and Western Europe to collect the necessary funds for the project. Naturally, this reveals that the motives behind the project are more than just economic.

Mr. Badran also explained part of the Israeli objectives when he linked the Zionist entity's nuclear plans, including the destruction of the Iraqi nuclear reactor, with the Begin government's insistence on the implementation of the project. This would allow the enemy, as the prime minister said, to build more nuclear reactors.

Needless to say, the United States, which is talking about the need to keep nuclear weapons away from the area, knows well Israel's nuclear plans and is offering it all forms of support.

We have the right to cast doubt on Washington's seriousness about rejecting the aggressive Med-Dead canal as well as the seriousness of the pressure which Washington claims it is exercising on Israel to prompt it to abandon the project. The project is actually being implemented with the full knowledge and support of Washington.

Perhaps Washington realises that, by doing so, it is adding a new reason to the dozens of reasons which create a barrier of non-confidence between itself and the Arab Nation.

**AL DUSTOUR:** The meeting between Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat in Alexandria today takes place under circumstances which raise more than one question mark on the relations between Cairo and Tel Aviv and on the future of Camp David in general.

The autonomy negotiations will not be the only subject which the two sides will differ on. There are also differences on the progress of the process of normalisation between the two countries.

Israel is not satisfied with Cairo's attitude, and is hinting that it might stop the Israeli withdrawal from Sinai next April unless the normalisation process achieves tangible progress in the fields of tourism, commerce and culture.

Undoubtedly the threat to stop the withdrawal from Sinai is the biggest pressure put on Sadat so far in order to obtain from him the required concessions. He is now captive to the completion of the Israeli withdrawal and he is eager not to obstruct this withdrawal regardless of how high the price is.

The Israeli goal is clear, namely to prompt Sadat to approve the resumption of the autonomy talks as soon as possible. Furthermore, Begin wants Egypt to renege on its call to have the PLO participate in the talks. Begin, however, will not carry with him to Cairo the approval of the leaders of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip on the autonomy, because all the people Mr. Sharon met were unanimous on their adherence to establish an independent Palestinian state with the PLO as the sole, legitimate representative of the Palestinian people.

## LETTERS

### The forgotten airport

To the Editor

I refer to the problems of Amman Airport, now being highlighted in your paper.

It strikes me that one way to ameliorate the problem is to make more intensive use of Aqaba Airport which is being sadly under-utilised at the moment.

In particular, I think, that most of the flights to Baghdad and to Cairo should be routed through Aqaba instead of through Amman, with only a maximum of one flight a day into and from Amman.

All transit passengers going through Jordan between Baghdad and Cairo should be routed through Aqaba. Even for locally emanating traffic, JET could provide more services, and these costs could be absorbed in the air ticket.

If a shuttle service is provided by air between Aqaba and Amman, more international services can be routed to Aqaba, say from Saudi Arabia.

Since some tourist services go direct to Aqaba anyway, this airport has the infra-structure to handle international traffic.

I also feel that the Aqaba-Cairo route would be shorter and would cost the airlines less.

Baghdad would also welcome a direct route to Aqaba in view of their use of that port.

A. Rajagopalan  
P.O. Box 35027  
Amman

### The heavy smokers

To the Editor

Dr. Mijdi Sabri forgot to mention in his article entitled "ceteris paribus", Jordan Times, Aug. 6, some facts about the 5-year development plan discussions which have been concluded recently.

I was there, I took a dose of it and I am still suffering.

I am talking about smoke.

Jordanians, you may have noticed, are amongst the heaviest smokers on earth; but our air-conditioning designers are still using standard design based upon data books written elsewhere.

The result is an adequate air-conditioning systems for "normal" smokers, but not for the "official" Jordanian smoker.

In short, I wish to make modest suggestions and alternatives:

- 1 - Installation of chemical works extractor fans, or
- 2 - Removing walls and roof of conference halls, i.e. to conduct sessions in fresh air.
- 3 - Provide special gas masks for non-smokers, or best of all
- 4 - Stage an anti-smoking campaign, and
- 5 - Provide alternatives: chewing tobacco, or nicotine pills, etc.

Sa'ad Barakat  
Amman

## Guarding against a spillover of Polish troubles

### The Czechs take no chances

A clampdown on Czech dissidents, a spy scandal in Austria, and a general tension between Prague and Vienna suggest that the Czech government is trying to immunise itself against the infection of reform in Poland.

By Paul Lendvai

**VIENNA:** Sharp attacks by the Czechoslovak press on Austria and the West, together with a squeeze on dissidents inside the country, have prompted speculation that the government in Prague is deeply worried in case reforms in Poland spill over on to Czechoslovak soil.

Next week's anniversary of the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia on the night of August 20, 1968 could well be concentrating minds in Prague.

**The planned state visit of Dr. Gustav Husak, Czechoslovak president and Communist Party chief, to Austria this autumn is now unlikely to take place, halting a process of normalisation in relations that has been slow in the extreme.**

The Czechoslovak moves have aroused protests in Austria, West Germany and France, and seem to have damaged the country's year-long efforts to improve its international standing.

The planned state visit of Dr. Gustav Husak, Czechoslovak president and Communist Party chief, to Austria this autumn is now unlikely to take place, halting a process of normalisation in relations that has been slow in the extreme.

A series of political trials is at the centre of the present row. In addition, controversy over the case of the alleged Czechoslovak secret agent, Mr. Josef Hodic, has

cast a shadow over Czech-Austrian relations, if hints from Chancellor Bruno Kreisky and Dr. Wilibald Pahr, Austria's foreign minister, are to be believed.

The Hodic affair has become a cause celebre in Austria. He came to Vienna late in 1977 posing as a persecuted civil rights activist and one of the 1,100 signatories of the famous "Charter 77" manifesto. Mr. Hodic had been a Lt-General in the Czech army, and a lecturer at the Political-Military Academy in Prague.

He managed to develop a career in Austria surprisingly rapidly. Not only did he become an Austrian citizen within a year, but he was given a contract and later a job at a small institute for international affairs, preparing reports for the government.

After disappearing from Vienna, Hodic resurfaced on July 2 at a televised Press conference in Prague portrayed as a highly successful collaborator of the Czechoslovak counter-intelligence services. His children had been left behind in Czechoslovakia, and Chancellor Kreisky and some others are convinced that he had been forced to spy and then to return to Prague.

Nevertheless, high officials in the Austrian Federal Chancellery are at a loss to explain why the Prague authorities have decided to give maximum publicity to the affair.

While the Austrian media and Parliament were still busy on the Hodic affair, news emerged of the trial in Prague of Mr. Radolf Battek, a 57-year-old sociologist. He was sentenced to seven-and-a-half years prison, the harshest sentence pronounced against a dissident since the Soviet-led invasion in August 1968.

As Mr. Battek is a self-proclaimed socialist who in 1978 wrote letters to Dr. Kreisky, Willy Brandt, the German Socialist Party chairman, and Olof Palme, former Swedish premier, his case received much wider publicity in Europe than the trial of Mr. Jiri Gruntorad, a 28-year-old building worker two weeks earlier. Gruntorad was sentenced to four years for his involvement in the publication and dissemination of underground political literature.

At least 18 more people, 10 of them in jail, are expected to be put on trial in the near future on charges of anti-state activities. They include Professor Jiri Hajek, former Czech foreign minister, the wife and brother of Mr. Vaclav Havel, a prominent writer sentenced to four-and-a-half years prison in 1979, journalists, writers and scientists.

Meanwhile the Czechoslovak

**Western diplomats are puzzled about the motives for hardening attitudes in Czechoslovakia. It seems to contradict previous loud claims about the high degree of "political stability".**

press has launched sharp attacks against Austria and the West for interfering in Czechoslovak affairs. Rude Pravo, the Prague Communist newspaper, said on the Hodic case that the task of the Czechoslovak counter-intelligence service, was not directed against Austria, but against the slanderous activity of emigrant circles in Austria - a distinction of scant comfort to the authorities in Vienna.

To add insult to injury, the Rude Pravo referred to Czechoslovakia's "high-principled peaceful foreign policy" and stressed that it was "worried by the anti-Czechoslovak campaign in the Austrian press."

Such articles, as well as the fact that the Prague railway station has refused to accept tried to hold up, parcels sent to Poles, and that Poles and travellers have been held in certain border crossing for 12 hours, have done nothing to enhance relations between the Czechs and the West.

Western diplomats are puzzled about the motives for hardening attitudes in Czechoslovakia, which seems to contradict previous claims about the high degree of "political stability."

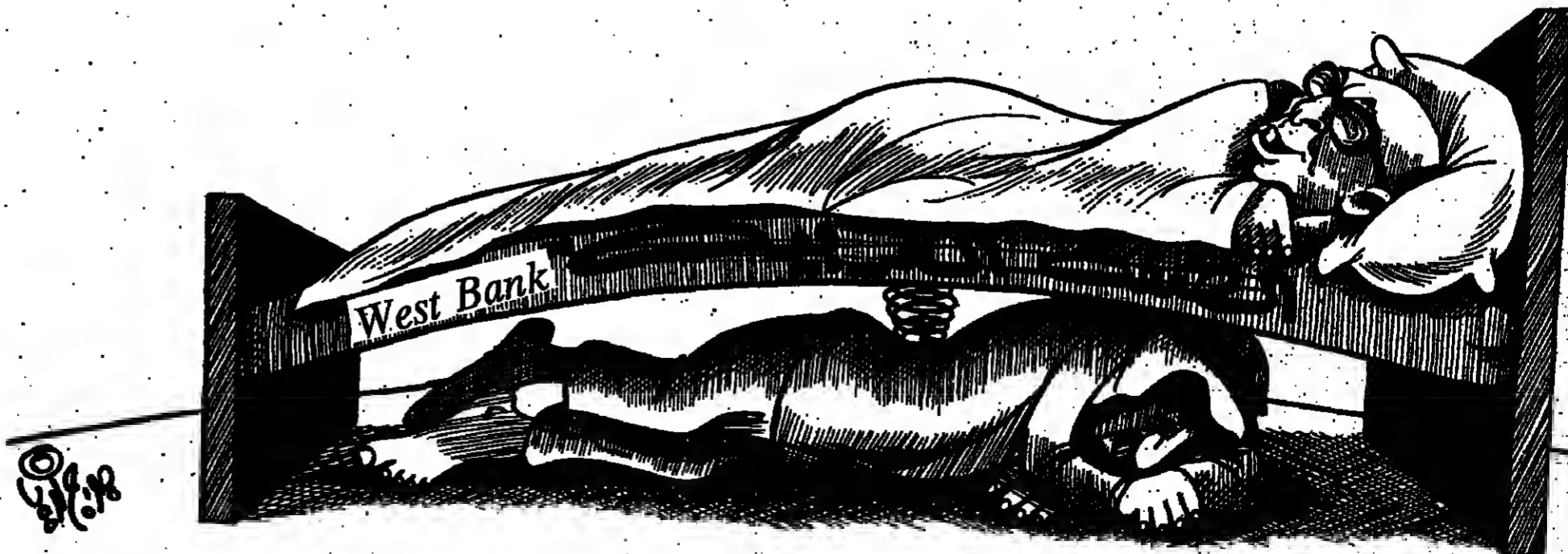
On theory it is that there is about a spillover of the reform movement into Czechoslovakia. Last summer the trial region, near to the Czechoslovak border, was reported to be restive.

According to unofficial sources the judge at the Battek trial is a former Czechoslovak official referred to the "international situation" and events in Poland as an excuse for the stiff sentence.

It is taken for granted that the Soviet Union, who had been a guest at the time of last two trials, consulted Kremlin before giving the ahead signal for the spate of trials. The Czechs may well have underestimated the internal repercussions, particularly in France, Germany and Austria. They may pay a high price for the widely held opinion that civil rights movement pose a real threat to the regime in Czechoslovakia.

With real wages stagnating and a general policy of retrenchment in investment and production regime probably does not want to take any risks. It was saved tanks of the Red Army a exactly 13 years ago, and do want the same thing to happen again. The crackdown given of its determination to deal lessily with opponents.

Financial Times news



مكة المكرمة

# UNRWA youth centres: doors of opportunity

Young Palestinian refugees places recently on Jordan's national football team. They received their basic training in the at refugee camp, youth centres jointly established by the United Nations and Works Agency for

Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) and the World Alliance of Young Men's Christian Associations (YMCA). Final football games in which teams from the youth centres in Jordan have played have been attracting as many as 40,000 spec-

tators, and have been broadcast live on radio and television. And regular league games can easily draw 8,000. Last autumn, in one outburst of enthusiasm, the main highway from Amman to Damascus was closed for several hours as 15,000

residents of Baq'a camp, just off the highway, gathered to welcome home their victorious team.

### Centres in 36 camps

UNRWA's youth activities programme for Palestinian refugees began in 1959. Now there are centres in 36 refugee camps in Jordan, the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip. In the past year, more than 6,000 young refugees participated in sports, cultural, recreational and sporting activities at the centres.

Many centres are run on a shoestring, as are most UNRWA installations, and equipment and playing fields are often rudimentary. A few centres, however, have earned enough from the proceeds of football games to equip their teams fully.

But the majority of young Palestinian refugees have to learn their football skills on stony patches of land hardly resembling football fields: there is no turf.

In the three areas where the centres exist, administration is the responsibility of the young refugees, who form committees elected by centre members. They are supervised by an UNRWA staff member in each area, and advisory services are provided by the YMCA.

In addition to the salaries of the three UNRWA staff members, the agency allots about \$50,000 a



Five new members of Jordan's football team got early training at UNRWA youth centres

year to the programme, to cover costs which members themselves cannot cover. Other costs are met by the centres from membership fees, gifts, proceeds of games and income from fund-raising events.

For UNRWA, the investment is justified by the scheme's general educational value. For young refugees, the centres add interest to what would otherwise be dull lives.

### Youngsters help themselves

The success of these centres and the enthusiasm of their members have led to many self-help projects. The youngsters have raised money on their own to buy equipment, build basketball

courts, lay concrete on playgrounds or connect electricity to the centre buildings. Cash, labour and materials for such activities were co-contributed by centre members and the refugee community in which they live.

Besides participating in activities at the centres, the young refugees provide services to their community. These include special programmes for orphans, informal classes for literacy training, tutoring schoolchildren, assisting in cleanliness campaigns, making home visits to sick and elderly camp residents and helping repair the shelters of the elderly and poor.

Because of the civil strife in Lebanon, the country has so such

centres under UNRWA auspices. However, there is a new interest in sports, as in shown by the recent appointment of a physical education supervisor for UNRWA schools in Lebanon - Mr. Nizar Sahely, a physical education graduate of Alexandria University in Egypt.

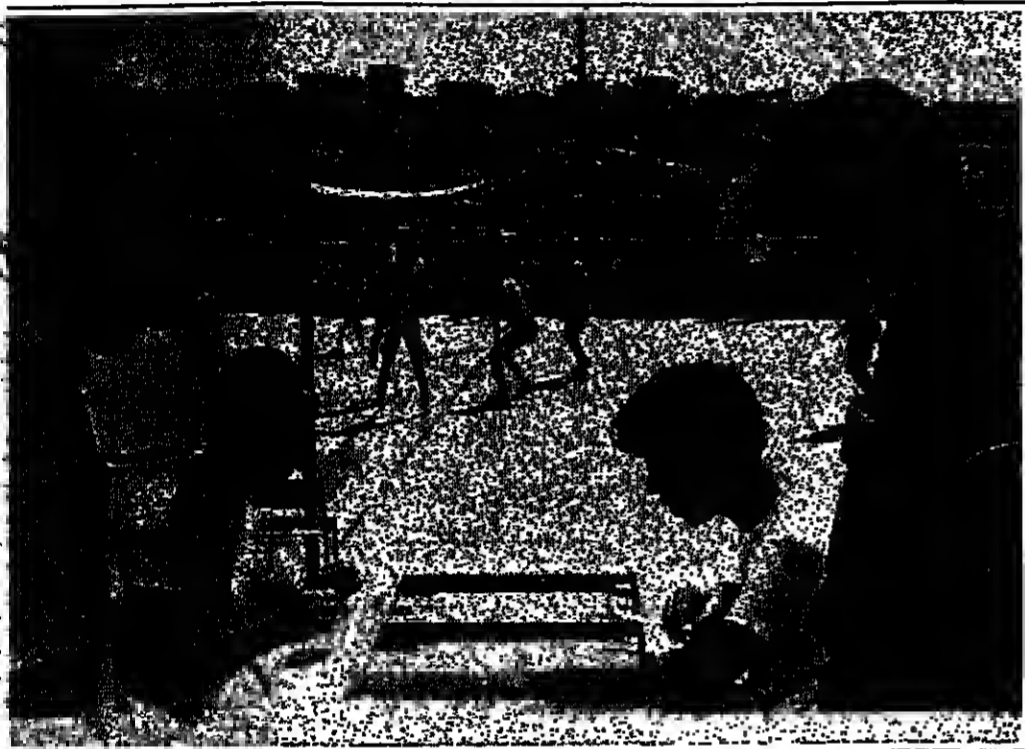
There are now eight physical education teachers in UNRWA's 82 schools in Lebanon. Mr. Sahely's aim is to have a P.E. specialist in every school with two years, provided UNRWA's education system for refugee children survives the agency's recurrent financial crises. He hopes that the extra staff, along with continued inservice training of P.E. teachers and an upgrading of sports

facilities, will encourage an interest in sports and improve the quality of training.

On a larger scale, a number of Palestinian sports groups have been given wider recognition. These include basketball, weightlifting, body-building, table tennis, and swimming teams which have participated in sports meets in various parts of the world.

These are some of the bare but impressive facts behind the current interest of Palestinian refugees in sports - a trend which is evident wherever an empty lot near a refugee camp can be turned into a makeshift football field for Palestinian boys eager to emulate their televised football heroes.

UNRWA feature



Refugee camp in Amman has an active youth activities centre which the young refugees helped equip themselves (UNRWA photos)

# JORDAN MARKETPLACE

## RESTAURANTS & BARS

**RESTAURANT CHINA**  
"The First & Best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan"  
First Circle, Jabel Amman Near Ahliyyah Girl's School  
**Open Daily**  
12:00 - 3:30 p.m.  
6:30 p.m. - Midnight  
Tel. 38968  
Take Home Service Available

**Shepherd's Pub**  
Enjoy a cold glass of draught beer and a game of darts in a truly English Pub atmosphere at the Shepherd Hotel Pub.  
Open 12 noon to 1 a.m.  
Snacks & steaks served.

**Philadelphia Hotel**  
THE NEW TEST DISCO IN TOWN  
"THE OLDEST HOTEL IN AMMAN"  
NOW AT PHILADELPHIA HOTEL  
**my place**  
SUPER DISCO  
FOR RES. CALL 2266  
DOWNSIDE ONLY

**AMMAN Holiday Inn**  
At the Roof Top Night Club  
**NESTA ARGENTINA**  
FLOOR SHOW & LIVE BAND  
Tonight at 9 p.m. until the 1st Sept. only  
Res. 63100

**RESTAURANT TAIWAN TOURISMO**  
Opposite Akilah Maternity Hospital  
3rd Circle, J. Amman Tel. 41093  
Try our special "Flaming Pot" fondue during your next visit.  
Take-away orders welcome.  
Welcome and thank you.

To advertise in this section  
phone 6771-2-3

**MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant**  
FULLY AIR CONDITIONED  
Wadi Saqya Hotel  
East of New Traffic Bridge  
Across From Holiday Inn  
Tel. 61922  
AMMAN

## TRANSPORTATION

CLEARANCE  
SHIPPING - TRAVEL & TOURISM  
AIR FREIGHT - PACKING  
**AMIN KAWAR & SONS**  
Travel & Tourism  
General Sales Agents for:  
SAS - Scandinavian Airlines  
TWA Airlines  
Tel. 37195, 22324-5-6-7-8-9  
Tlx. 21212, 21520, 21634  
P.O. Box 7806, Amman

**JORDAN EXPRESS CO.**  
PACKING & CRATING  
AIR & SEA FREIGHT  
TRAVEL & TOURISM  
Tel. 62722, 62723  
38141, 22565  
Tlx. 21635 P.O. Box 2143

To advertise in this section  
phone 6771-2-3

**Philadelphia Rent-A-Car**  
ALL NEW CARS  
FULLY INSURED  
Philadelphia Hotel  
Tel. 25194

**ORIENT TRANSPORT**  
FOR YOUR AIRFREIGHT, SEAFREIGHT, OVERLAND TRANSPORT, PACKING & HOUSEHOLD REMOVAL CONTACT US FOR A QUOTATION.  
TEL. AMMAN 64128-9-30  
AQABA 2135  
TLX. 21547 P.O. BOX 928499

**NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR**  
1981 MODELS AVAILABLE  
TEL. 39197-8

## AQABA

**AQABA Holiday Inn**  
Now featuring George on the organ nightly from 7:00-11:00 p.m. in the Coral Lounge.  
Tel. 2426 Tlx. 62263 JO

**MANDARIN Chinese Restaurant**  
FULLY AIR CONDITIONED  
AQABA  
Amman road beside Samir Amis Restaurant  
Tel. 4633

**CHINA RESTAURANT**  
The first and best Chinese restaurant in Aqaba. Take-away service available.  
Open daily 11:30-3:30, 6:30 - 11:00 p.m. Tel 4415

## MISCELLANEOUS

**Scandinavian**  
See the latest in Danish sitting room furniture, wall units and bedrooms at Scandinavian Showroom. We have a large selection of sitting rooms in luxurious Chintz material. Furniture available tax-free to those entitled!

**Ghalia**  
For a good look!  
At Ghalia we have everything to make you look your best... that includes expert hair styling, beauty care treatment & the finest in beauty care products.  
Shine-on, near Tower Hotel

**FINLANDIA**  
VISIT THE NEW FINLANDIA SHOWROOM  
DISTINCTIVE GIFTS OF ALL SORTS  
FINNISH DESIGN GLASS & EARTHENWARE  
HOME & OFFICE FURNITURE  
Our new Tel. No. 39484  
See map for directions.

**The Falcon's Band**

# ECONOMY

## Dollar gains ground, gold loses some shine

LONDON, Aug. 25 (R) — The dollar firmed strongly, gold lost more of last week's shine, and stock markets slumped around the world today as investors adjusted to the gloomy view that U.S. interest rates will remain high for some time.

Last week financial markets were optimistic that U.S. interest rates might be headed downwards from their near-record recent levels so the dollar was weaker and gold stronger than they had been for some time.

But yesterday U.S. markets became convinced there is no prospect for an easing of the central bank's tight anti-inflationary monetary policy in the near future, and a huge sell-off pushed the New York stock market's Dow Jones industrial average down 20.46 points to its lowest for a year at 900.11.

Today the Tokyo and Sydney stock markets suffered one of their sharpest setbacks of the year as investors took their cue from

Wall Street and were only interested in selling.

The Tokyo market average crashed by 100 points to 7,817.22 and the Sydney all-ordinaries index shed 12 points to close at 626.4, only 1.4 above its low point of the year. Prices also were easier on the Frankfurt bourse and the London, Hong Kong and Singapore stock exchanges.

The dollar benefited from the reversal of sentiment on interest rates and gained further ground on European markets, consolidating a trend that began late yesterday.

The pound sterling was particularly weak and lost three cents, trading at \$1.8285 today compared with 1.8597 at the close yesterday and 1.8430 in New York.

Dealers said British interest rates were beginning to look cheap again in relation to U.S. rates, and the pound was overbought last week on prospects of larger British oil sales after Saudi Arabia announced plans to cut

production.

In Frankfurt, the West German mark sank from 2.4895 to the dollar at the close yesterday to 2.5060 at the mid-day fixing today as the worried Bundesbank sold \$39.15 million.

The French franc weakened to six to the dollar in London from 5.9025 yesterday and the Swiss franc also was lower at 2.1765 from 2.1470 yesterday.

The international gold price slumped to \$406 an ounce as investors deserted the metal for dollars.

The London morning fixing price by bullion dealers was \$410.50, compared with 419.50 last night and 414.50 in New York. On Friday gold was up to \$431 after a 10-day rally from 390.

The federal funds rate was just below 18 per cent yesterday and dealers said it was difficult to see any light at the end of the tunnel, with all latest signs pointing to continued high interest rates.

## U.S. inflation rate up to 15.2%

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25 (R) — The U.S. inflation rate jumped to an annual rate of 15.2 per cent in July, as higher costs for food and housing pushed consumer prices to their highest level in over a year, the government said today.

The consumer price index (CPI), after adjustment for seasonal variation, rose by 1.2 per cent last month following increases of only 0.7 per cent in each of the two preceding months, according to the labour department.

The index had not climbed that rapidly since a 1.4 per cent advance in March last year.

The sharp advance in prices in July was in strong contrast to the relative moderation of the first six months of the year when prices rose at an annual rate of 8.5 per cent. Last year consumer prices increased 12.6 per cent.

Although many analysts had expected inflation to return to double-digit levels during the month, the size of the increase was a surprise and could deal a severe blow to the Reagan administration's economic strategy.

The administration had been hoping for more encouraging inflation figures to convince the financial markets to bring down interest rates. However, today's report seems likely only to reinforce market pessimism and cause a further decline in the stock and bond markets after the sharp falls yesterday on fears that interest rates will remain high.

In a separate report, the labour department said the purchasing power of the average factory worker's pay fell 0.8 per cent in July because prices rose faster than earnings.

## Lagos, oil firms to meet on prices

LONDON, Aug. 25 (R) — Nigeria, hardest hit by the present world glut of oil, is asking representatives of major oil companies to a series of meetings on prices and production this week, oil industry sources said today.

Oil company supply executives say they would not be surprised if Nigeria cut its high price of around \$40 a barrel, possibly to \$36.50, following OPEC's failure last week to reunify its price structure.

Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki Yamani predicted a round of individual price cuts after the 13 OPEC exporters failed to negotiate a collective pricing reshuffle. This would have put all quotes within a narrow \$34 to \$37 band, giving all a more or less equal chance in today's buyers' market.

A buyer revolt against Nigeria's high price has sent its sales plung-

ing from around two million barrels a day (b/d) in January to below 780,000 h/d, industry sources report.

London industry sources said they understood that Gulf Oil and Mobil would be among the first companies to have talks in Lagos.

A Nigerian price cut would put pressure on the \$40 prices asked by Algeria and Libya for similar quality African crude oil.

## Sea law treaty adopted despite U.S. objections

GENEVA, Aug. 25 (R) — The chairman of the United Nations Law of the Sea Conference said today a sea law treaty would be adopted next spring regardless of any U.S. objections.

Tommy Koh of Singapore said he believed the United States would decide it was in its own best interests to join the treaty, which has been nearly eight years in the making.

The conference is bogged down by U.S. objections to a chapter dealing with the potentially highly-profitable area of sea-bed mining for manganese, copper, cobalt and nickel.

The Reagan administration believes the proposed chapter would prevent experienced American companies from capitalising on their know-how.

Mr. Koh told reporters he believed U.S. sea-bed mining companies would not be happy if

their country stayed outside a treaty.

The likely consequences of a "mini-treaty" excluding the U.S. would be that American mining interests would be "sucked away" by European and Japanese companies in flag-of-convenience operations, he said.

The treaty's 440 draft articles provide the first legal framework for all aspects of human activity connected with the sea, underwater exploration and territorial claims.

Although previous U.S. government delegations helped negotiate it, President Reagan's administration is unhappy with proposed rules.

Mr. Koh said he felt the U.S. delegation had "embarrassed and disappointed" many of its Western allies by what he called its intransigence and by creating a procedural impasse.

## 'Tomato war' ravages Mozambique

By Tim Cook

MAPUTO — A price-setting dispute dubbed the tomato war is underlining enduring differences between Mozambique's six-year-old Marxist government and the capital's private traders.

For a week the government daily Noticias has been reporting the battle between the city authorities and traders whom it described as parasites aspiring to petty bourgeois status.

The dispute began when the traders refused to accept new, lower prices for their wares set by

the Maputo Food Supply Office. As the harvest was being brought in and vegetables were plentiful it was decreed that the price of tomatoes and cabbage would be cut by half and lettuce and pumpkin by smaller percentages.

Within a week the newspaper headlined a report that the private

traders were boycotting the new prices. It said tomatoes had virtually disappeared from the public market and customers asking for goods at the official prices were being insulted.

Customers were told to "go and eat the new prices" or "go and ask the city council for tomatoes" and, after the newspaper criticism "go and cook Noticias".

Before the price cuts traders boosted their profits by keeping wholesalers waiting all day with a truck-load of produce until the wholesalers, fearing they would be left with tons of rotting vegetables, agreed to cut prices.

To counteract the price decrease some traders are keeping vegetables hidden under the counter and will sell only to customers who

agree to pay the old prices. There have been a number of

Fear of the black government's policies resulted in 250,000 whites, ranging from doctors to taxi drivers, fleeing the country. President Machel's government charged that there had been economic sabotage by the whites, including the deliberate destruction of machinery and the smuggling funds out of the country.

After independence there were drastic falls in production levels and serious food shortages in towns, many of which were filled with former shanty-town dwellers who moved into accommodation vacated by the fleeing Portuguese.

The policy of the Frelimo ruling party was to allow state and private enterprise to exist side by side, hoping competition would bring out the best in both systems.

But the private sector had a head start since it already pos-

essed experienced workers, an established distribution network and knowledge of business.

The state system was based on "people's shops" and consumer co-operatives. The co-operatives began as a small-scale initiative by a group of Maputo residents and grew until today about half of the capital's 850,000 residents are linked to a co-operative shop.

The "peoples shops" were abolished by President Machel last year because of widespread corruption. Workers in the shops gave jobs to friends and family and boosted their own salaries.

President Machel announced the start of rationing for a range of basic goods such as rice, sugar and soap.

The bread trade became another victim of the conflict between the state and private enterprise with the spread of corruption. Customers queued for hours outside bakeries, leaving empty-handed while friends of the bakers walked off with sacks of loaves.

The state again intervened and bread distribution system is now based on the co-operatives.

The latest report on the tomato war says the market is now full of vegetables with officials parrolling to make sure traders charge official prices. But few believe the struggle between the public and private sectors has ended.

Reuter

## LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Aug. 25 (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the close of trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets today.

One sterling	1.8240/60	U.S. dollar
One U.S. dollar	1.2101/04	Canadian dollar
	2.5020/40	West German marks
	2.7800/50	Dutch guilders
	2.1715/35	Swiss francs
	40.68/73	Belgian francs
	6.0000/75	French francs
	1243.00/1244.00	Italian lire
	229.20/50	Japanese yen
	5.3030/40	Swedish crowns
	6.1600/20	Norwegian crowns
	7.8660/85	Danish crowns
	409.75/410.75	U.S. dollars

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, Aug. 25 (R) — Share prices closed lower on a broad front in moderate trading as the prospect of no easing in U.S. interest rates led to sharp falls on Wall Street and further dollar strength, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 7.1 at 550.9.

Industrial leaders saw Unilever down 10p and ICI 8p lower at 272p, while Glaxo, Blue Circle, Bechem and Bowater shed 4p apiece. Oils rallied from a weak start, with gains of 2p apiece in B.P. and Burmah, although Lasco was down 8p at 579p despite announcing higher profits and a maiden 4p dividend.

Gold shares were up to 350 cents lower as the bullion price eased to around \$410.

Government bonds ended with falls of up to a full point at the longer end and ¼ point in shorter maturities as the prospect of continued high dollar interest rates combined with weaker sterling to dampen sentiment, dealers said, selling pressure was light however, they said, adding news the U.K. total out of work rose to 2.94 million in August had little impact.

Electricals ended lower, although off their worst levels, with falls of 10p apiece in Thorn and GEC, while Lucas added 2p at 225p. Philips Lamps was down 20p at 437p following lower profits reported from Philips Gloeilampenfabriek.

Banks ended with falls of 5p to 7p, while Hong Kong Shanghai was a net 2p lower following improved interim earnings.

# Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- Full payment in cash or check accompanies the advertisement.
- The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6
- Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times.
- Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.
- For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.
- For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10 for 50 words.
- You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or check to:

Advertising Department  
The Jordan Times,  
P.O. Box 6710,  
Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box — please print)


Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on \_\_\_\_\_ day (s). Enclosed is payment of \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

### LOST DOGS

Two dogs have gone missing as of Aug. 25. One brown Pekinese, the other Tibetan terrier, black and white. The dogs were lost in the area of Al Rai'i newspaper.

Please contact: Miss Flama, Tel. 68877

### FULLY FURNISHED VILLA FOR RENT

Deluxe newly furnished villa with master bedroom, two bedrooms, two large sitting rooms, dining room, three bathrooms, garden, garage, telephone, all electrical equipments, central heating. Between Fifth and Sixth Circle in Sweifiya.

Phone: 814180 4 - 7 p.m.

### MODERN APARTMENT FOR RENT

Unfurnished, with 3 bedrooms, kitchen, large living-dining room, water storage, heating. Excellent location in Shmeisani, near the Professional Associations Complex.

For more information call:  
Tel. 62862, 64655

### TWO APARTMENTS FOR RENT

FURNISHED with central heating, and UNFURNISHED with central heating and telephone, between the Fourth and Fifth Circles in Jabal Amman.

Each consists of two bedrooms, salon and dining room, two bathrooms, modern kitchen, balcony or closed veranda.

Telephone: 77112, 8 a.m. - 2 p.m.  
44028, after 2 p.m.

### BATCHER WANTED

Experienced batcher required for dry-batch ready mixed concrete plant on Wadi Seer. Should be capable of:

- Speaking and writing English;
- Routine plant servicing;
- Operating manual batch weigh scales.

Please apply to:

Mr. A.H. Hodge  
General Manager  
Ready Mix Jordan Ltd.  
Tel. 812637

### REQUIRED

- ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS:  
Applicants should be graduates and fluent in English.
- COST ACCOUNTANT:  
Applicants should have a professional degree in this subject or a related one, with good command of the English language. Experience in the above two fields is not essential, but would be considered favourable.

Apply Queen Noor Civil Aviation Training Institute (beside the Airport) or telephone 94911.

of athletes' rebellion

IAAF to consider payments to athletes

Aug. 25 (R) — Inter-... the working group to draft new rules to be put to the 1982 congress in Athens.

Nor is the group coy about admitting the IAAF is out of step with modern realities, saying: "It is on many occasions extremely difficult, and indeed at times undesirable, to administer strictly the present IAAF eligibility rules."

Such views represent a major departure from the federation's previously authoritarian attitude which has resulted in a number of athletes, including Olympic champions and world record-holders, being banned for life after admitting they had accepted under-the-counter payments.

Paradoxically, it has also long been felt in track and field circles that the IAAF has been reluctant to seek such evidence for fear of causing a chain reaction among western athletes disenfranchised with the dishonesty which exists in their sport.

The question is no longer whether such payments should be allowed but rather what form they should take, and this is likely to be the key issue in Rome.

At present, athletes may accept prizes, though not cash, to the value of \$250 and the report points out: "There is little difference between actual cash and an object, say a watch or television set, the cash value of which can be realised."

The group recommends that prize money, with a possible upper limit of \$1,000 per event, should be allowed on condition it is paid initially to an athlete's national federation and not directly to a competitor.

A proportion of the money could be put into a trust fund to attempt of the season. But Meert said Coe had told him by telephone last night he might try to break his Zurich record in Brussels if he could be sure of support from other runners in the race.

question of how much. Some delegates, particularly from the U.S., will want to allow market forces to determine the going rate, rather than set an upper limit.

They suggest that if an athlete is paying tax on his winnings and losing a proportion of the money to his national federation, a limit of \$1,000 per event would be unrealistic in view of the present earning capacity of star competitors.

But the council does support a recommendation that athletes should be allowed to benefit from advertising, provided such contacts are handled by the national federation.

Despite the revolutionary nature of the proposals, and reservations expressed in the past by some socialist countries, IAAF general secretary John Holt is confident the congress will accept the working party's recommendations.

Nor is Holt worried that the proposals, if implemented, will jeopardise track and field's place in the Olympics, since most successful Olympic competitors are already virtually full time athletes.

Coe aiming for record

BRUSSELS, Aug. 25 (R) — Sebastian Coe may try for his second world record in nine days when he tackles the IAAF Golden Mile at the two Van Damme memorial athletics meeting here on Friday.

"Coe is aiming for a possible time of three minutes 47.0 seconds in 3:47.5," one of the organisers, Wilfried Meert, told a press conference today.

In Zurich last Wednesday Coe, Britain's Olympic 1,500 metres champion, regained the mile record from his compatriot Steve Ovett by clocking 3:48.53, shaving 0.27 seconds off the old mark.

Ovett challenges Coe's record

COBLENZ, West Germany, Aug. 25 (R) — Steve Ovett of Britain will try to recapture the world mile record here tomorrow, but his change of plan has upset West German rival Thomas Wessinghage.

Ovett held the mile record of three minutes 48.80 seconds until compatriot Sebastian Coe broke it with a time of 3:48.53 in Zurich last Wednesday night.

Ovett had originally planned to try to better his 1,500 metres record of 3:31.56, which he set here last year, but he will now run instead in the mile, which Schaefer said has been added to the programme. There will still be a 1,500 metres race.

But it seems unlikely Ovett will be assisted this time by Wessinghage, who clocked 3:31.58 to help push Ovett to the record last year.

Springboks draw against Maori

NAPIER, New Zealand, Aug. 25 (R) — Centre Colin Beck kicked a controversial dropped goal in injury time today to save the touring South African rugby team from defeat at the hands of New Zealand's national Maori side here today.

The Springboks were trailing nine points to 12 two minutes into injury time when Beck kicked for goal after the ball came to him from a maul.

Some spectators and players on the Maori team thought the ball went to the right of the goal posts, but New Zealand referee signalled that the kick was successful.

Amid an outburst of booing and jeering from spectators, he blew the whistle for time before play could restart and the tourists had salvaged a 12-12 draw in the ninth game of their 14-match tour.

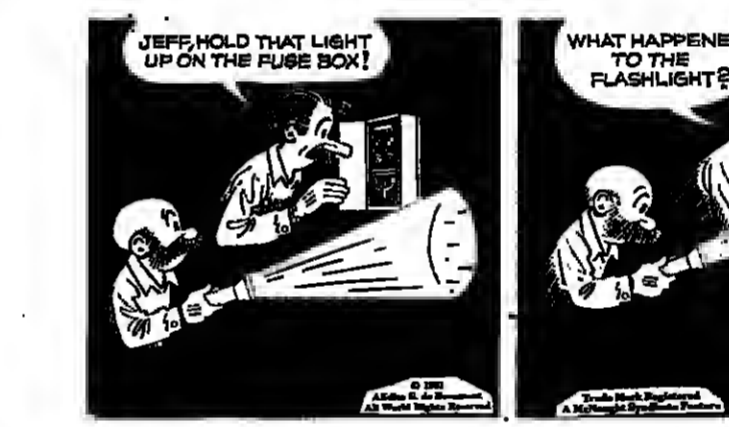
Peanuts



Andy Capp



Mutt 'n' Jeff



GOREN BRIDGE

LES H. GOREN Chicago Tribune
vulnerable, as hold: ♠763 ♦952 ♣874 ♠ has proceeded: South West North East 1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ Pass

Middlesex get maximum points

LONDON Aug. 25 (A.P.) — Middlesex today completed its third consecutive innings defeat of Glamorgan, winning an English County Championship cricket match between the two teams by an innings and 36 runs at Lord's.

THE BETTER HALF. By Vinson. A cartoon about a man and a woman at a party.

JUMBLE. THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME. Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, AUG. 26, 1981. YOUR DAILY Horoscope from the Carroll Righter Institute. GENERAL TENDENCIES: Be prepared for possible upsets today and make sure that you handle whatever comes up in a calm manner.

THE Daily Crossword by Dorothea E. Shipp. ACROSS 1 Providence, 5 Hymn ending, 9 Sacred, 13 Eagle's weapon, 14 Loss color, 15 Hawaiian goose, 16 Bloomington's land, 19 Kind of house, 20 Encumbrance, 21 More pleasant, 22 Sheriff, 24 White and tatts, 26 Time div.

